

FiD - Fare impresa in Dozza













FARE IMPRESA IN DOZZA "Doing Business in Dozza"

- The aim of the FID project is to facilitate the reintegration into civil society of detainees (disadvantaged people) inside the Bologna prison called Dozza through training and job experience.
- •Providing both theoretical and on-the-job training to detainees allow them to acquire skills that can facilitate finding employment after completing their prison term
- The idea started in 2008 and the project developed thanks to the involvement of three companies:
 - -IMA Group,
 - G.D/Coesia
 - Marchesini Group

and the commitment of Fondazione Aldini Valeriani (FAV), a vocational training institution, and the Bologna Dozza Prison.



The need & The opportunity (A bit of luck and a lot of will.....)

- The Dozza had been over-crowded for years and journalists, public opinion and the mayor started voicing out and criticizing the bad living conditions of the detainees in jail
- After many changes, it was appointed a director of the prison with a real interest in improving living standards (strangely enough all directors have been women!!!?)
- After 3 years, an agreement was signed with the prison to implement the necessary steps aimed at setting up a workshop within the prison and starting the selection and training of detainees



Project FiD "Doing business in Dozza" A social enterprise



FID is a unique experience in Italy

Thanks to:

- Collaboration between business, institutions and vocational training
- Close integration with the Emilia Romagna region specialised in the field of packaging and industrial automation

^{**} The initiative is in line with the guidelines of Regional Law No. 3 of 19 February 2008 "Provisions for the protection of persons confined in prisons in the Emilia Romagna region", in which the Region expresses the desire to protect "the rights and dignity of adults and children confined in institutions of punishment within the region, subject to the alternative measures of detention or subject to criminal proceedings."



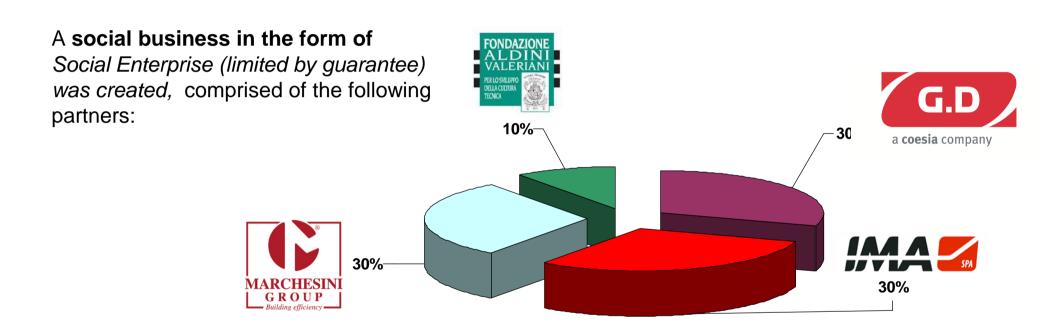
Main stages of the project: conception and first development (2008-2009)

Between 2008 and 2009, several meetings with the prison management were held:

- To strengthen relations with the Dozza prison in Bologna
- To develop and structure the initial concept
- To ensure the project was carried out in accordance with Italian legislation.



Main stages of the project: formalizing the structure of a social enterprise (2010)



- •A **Board of Directors** was set up together with an **operating committee** with representatives from each partner company to act as the permanent point of reference for major activities.
- •An **agreement** was signed with the prison to organize the necessary steps aimed at setting up a workshop in the prison.
- The **headquarters** of the enterprise are in the Bologna prison in Via del Gomito 2



Main stages of the project: detainees' selection (2011)

In collaboration with the prison management, FID participated in the **selection of the detainees** that could have access to the training program:

- Organized by FAV (Foundation Aldini-Valeriani)
- Financed by the Bologna Provincial Authority thanks to **European funding for social** inclusion
- A first selection of the detainees was carried out by the prison management based on:
 - Aptitude and psychological assessment
 - Period of detention (at least 4 years' detention)
- A **second assessment** was then carried out by FID together with the prison management in order to evaluate motivations, relational skills and teamwork capacity, work skills and technical training.
- As a result, 15 detainees were chosen for the project.



Main stages of the project: detainees' training (2011/2012)



Training

• **Technical content** aimed at the acquisition of knowledge and professional skills required for:

Assembly of mechanical parts, construction of simple components and their adjustment.

- Health and safety in the workplace.
- FID also promoted 'motivational' training and showed with videos the final product that the detainees were partially producing





Main stages of the project: creation of a workshop (2012)



- Inside the jail, FiD turned a building into a **small workshop**, equipped with what was necessary (from benches to assembly tools.....to toilet paper) in order to create a real production company
- •When we started production, sometimes there were quite a number of hiccups: lorries and people trying to enter the prison to get to the workshop had to wait for hours for authorization or police guards were not taking the prisoners to the workshop



A great idea – pensioners as tutors

- How could a 30-hour week training for over 12 months close the skills gap gained with 5 years attendance at a technical high school?
- •With enthusiastic, pensioners of the partner companies who became tutors on a volunteers' basis (they all came from past involvement in trade-unions or in religious not-for-profit organizations)
- •The training and production activities have seen a strong voluntary involvement of tutors with the task of guiding the participants and monitoring the process of learning, and also supporting production
- Tutors costs are limited to reimbursement of expenses.



Work activities and contractual status



- The inmates are involved with the processes of assembly, installation and adjustment of mechanical components.
- These activities are carried **out inside the Prison** as these detainees cannot enjoy temporary freedom.
- The FID operates like any other small business, with procedures in line with the **national** collective agreement and Trade Unions agreements.
- The prisoners taken on by the FID have:
- A contractual status of 2nd level (National Industry Contract of Metal mechanical workers)
- 6 hour working a day
- A monthly salary in line with the national contract as well as with "external" salaries of the same type
- The prisoners taken on by the FID undertake to respect the delivery times indicated by the companies who support the project.
- The associated companies provide support at the time of their release from prison, according to the workers skills.



Main stages of the project: inauguration of the workshop (end of 2012)



- FID completed the **renovation and equipping** of a former old gym in the prison which was converted to a **mechanical workshop**.
- A **contract agreement** was signed with the unions for the employment of 10 detainees who work 6 hours per day, 5 days a week and are paid in line with salaries that would be assigned externally.
- Delivery of the equipment necessary for the workshop activities: installation of 5 tool machines, 8/9 work benches, 4 assembly tool kits, shelving for work material, bathroom supplies.
- This was followed by an analysis of safety in the workplace and the supply of personal safety equipment.
- The weekly schedule was organised for product delivery to the partner companies.
- On November 16, 2012 an official inauguration of the workshop was held to announce the initiative with the aim of creating a 'best practice' example for other companies and institutions in the community.
- The value of production in 2012 was around € 20.000



Main stages of the project: production development (2013)

Until March 2013, the production reached the value of € 26.000 with 9 employees and 13 tutors.

From 10 employees in detention we got to 8 (because 2 got released and were employed by two of the partner companies) of whom 2 Italians and 6 foreigners (2 Albanians, 2 Moroccan, one Tunisian and one Pakistani)

In order to get to a break-even point the annual turnover should reach around €260.000.

A coordinator was selected and nominated to manage the tutorial work and other activities.

Two of the companies employed one ex-detainee each in their supply-chain.

Another 15 detainees started training thanks to further funding by the Bologna Provincial Authority (at the end, we employed 6 of them)

In 2013 we got half way to reach a break-even point. The work is supplied by the three partner companies



Main stages of the project: Thanks God is Monday! (2014)



TRAILERS & BACKSTAGE

Trailer

http://vimeo.com/tomatodocfilm/justmondaytrailer

Backstage

http://vimeo.com/104955906



Main stages of the project: Thanks God is Monday! (2014)

••••• vodafone IT 3G 08:12 47% 🖃

Il lunedì luminoso della Dozza

Nuovo film per Filippo Vendemmiati, girato tra i detenuti-operai

di PAOLO ROSATO

«SABATO e domenica purtroppo non lavoriamo. Meno male è lunedi». E' da questa frase pronunciata da un detenuto che ha preso vita il titolo dell'omonimo docu-film del giornalista Rai Filippo Vendemmiati, che in 90 intensi minuti racconta la trasmissione del sapere operaio dagli ex lavoratori in pensione a 13 destinatari di pene detentive. Ma che soprattutto tratteggia in presa diretta il rapporto umano che si è instaurato tra di loro grazie al valore del lavoro come fattore di inclusione. La pellicola, che ha già avuto un applauditissimo passaggio al Festival di Roma, debutterà a Bologna dopodomani, giovedì 15 alle 21, al Nuovo Nosadella, alladi protagonisti e regista. «Una settimana in presa diretta - ha spiega-

FARE IMPRESA Il set è stata l'officina metalmeccanica aperta in carcere da Ima, Gd, Marchesini

to Vendemmiati -. In mezzo, una selezione di materiale difficile, intervallata da pause per lasciar decantare fatica ed emozioni da entrambe le parti. Nessun dialogo a tavolino, nessuna sceneggiatura, nessun sottotitolo per restituire la verità bolognese. In aggiunta solo una splendida colonna sonora mista ai rumori naturali dei trapani e delle frese. A Roma – ha continuato l'autore di 'E' stato morto un ragazzo' – un ex operaio Fiat mi ha avvicinato e mi ha detto:



'Pensavo di vedere un film sul carcere. Ne ho visto uno sul lavoro'. Era il mio obiettivo ed è stata la più bella recensione ricevuta».

SU CELLULOIDE è finita l'iniziativa di tre aziende leader nel settore del packaging - Gd, Ima Spa e Marchesini Group - che si sono unite per dare vita a una vera e propria officina metalmeccanica, 'Fare Impresa alla Dozza', nell'ex palestra del penitenziario, Un'esperienza avviata nel 2012 che ha coinvolto detenuti, sia italiani che stranieri, tutti con pene superiori ai 5 anni e assunti con regolari contratti del settore. «Sono nove, sui 18 usciti, i detenuti che stanno ancora lavorando con noi in FID – ha spiegato Gian Guido Naldi -. E' un film bellissimo, complesso da girare, ma tanto gratificante per tutti». A tal proposito Vendemmiati ha sottolineato che "i detenuti ci hanno visti come persone esterne con cui poter parlare di altro dai soliti discorsi che si fanno in carcere, dalle visite dei parenti a quanto manca da scontare. E anche quelli che all'inizio erano titubanti, poi si sono sbloccati».

IL FILM ha suscitato l'interessa anche dell'Unione Europea, che sta pensando di proiettarlo a Bruxelles a marzo. Sabato alle 9.30, intanto, Meno male è lunedi verrà proiettato solo per i detenuti all'interno della Dozza. «Non è la prima volta che accade— ha chiari-



Il programma

Al cinema Nuovo Nosadella dopo la proiezione di giovedi alle 21 con regista e protagonisti, il film sarà replicato il giorno dopo alle 19,30, lunedi 19 e martedi 20 alle 20. Mercoledi 21 la sala sarà quella della sede Arci di Ozzano, il 5 febbraio quella del Kursaal di Porretta e il 20 del Teatro Italia di Castenaso.

to il regista -, perché il film è stato fatto vedere anche nel carcere di Spoleto. E' un'operazione suggestiva, che però per forza di cose provoca polemiche. Là qualche detenuto ha obiettato: 'Volete dimostrare che per lavorare bisogna andare in carcere?'. Un'altra parte ha risposto, sottolineando che è 'meglio vivere liberi da disoccupati che lavorando tutta la vita in carcere'. Speriamo di far arrivare il messaggio giusto».

MASSIMO MEZZETTI, neoassessore regionale alla Cultura, ha salutato con soddisfazione l'arrivo a Bologna del film: «Spiega benissimo come il lavoro sia un elemento fondamentale della comunità, un fattore identitario. Siamo orgogliosi di aver contribuito». «Oggi alla Dozza ci sono tra i 620 e 680 detenuti – ha spiegato Claudia Clementi, direttrice della casa circondariale -, situazione meno pesante di una volta. Il lavoro offre un'esecuzione della pena dignitosa».













Installa gratis la nuova app QUOTIDIANO.NET



Main stages of the project: Thanks God is Monday! (2014)





Brizzi: «Dall'antica Roma si impari l'accoglienza»

Oggi lo studioso al Centro San Domenico sul tema: I «barbari» ieri e oggi

Al contro San

Per i Gree erano tunti quelli di. Giavanni Ritzia, professore empre diventirer cittadino, bira l'inche non parlamon la forn lin. Sitosta romana dell'Ariento di spesso trandorma ancho on romani viventono coglittico dila famiglia dellenica itarbari. Il dello famiglia dellenica itarbari. Il describe di birati dell'indica il la divente con le armi con parti dignità tutte le divini decente di ferrati politica alla divincere cosi con le dile itali. Per i Romani la questione vi Columbia Univ pose diversamente. Con la sco-

Columbia University.

Professor Brizzi, Con Roma

che, con le quali il patriziato intesse vincoli di alleanza».

associati dicevano: siate roma

 $\bar{\Diamond}$



Overall impact

ECONOMIC

- Remuneration of detainees
- Less financial and welfare costs for society
- Financial and in-kind contributions from the partner companies
- In-kind contribution from pensioners
- FiD, bit by bit, is becoming a 'real' supplier
- Innovation: first social enterprise to be set up in a prison (generally there are just cooperatives that employ detainees)

SOCIAL

- Greater dignity of detainees who are doing a real job
- Transferring of knowledge from pensioners, who are still active and keep contact with the companies, to prisoners
- Acceleration of the learning path
- Facilitating in finding a job, once the detention is completed
- Faster and better integration in society
- Less need for social assistance
- For the prison, easier management of prisoners



Challenges

- How to get other players involved companies from other sectors (for example textile)
- How to create a network to support people out of jail accommodation, psychological support, work opportunities, etc
- Changing public opinion: 'why are you helping people that have committed a crime and not people in need that haven't done anything??