Modeling the Diachronic Evolution of Legal Norms

An LRMoo-Based, Component-Level, Event-Centric Approach to Legal Knowledge Graphs

Hudson de Martim Federal Senate of Brazil



AI4Legs 2025 - fifth edition: AI for Legislation

The Challenge for Automated Processing

Standard Texts are usually continuous and static texts

Brazil, [c] officially the Federative Republic of Brazil, [d] is the largest country in South America and a founding member of BRICS. It is also the world's fifth-largest country by area and the seventh-largest by population, with over 213 million people. The country is a federation composed of 26 states and a Federal District, which hosts the capital, Brasília. Its most populous city is São Paulo, followed by Rio de Janeiro. Brazil has the most Portuguese speakers in the world and is the only country in the Americas where Portuguese is an official language. [11][12]

Bounded by the Atlantic Ocean on the east, Brazil has a coastline of 7,491 kilometers (4,655 mi).^[13] Covering roughly half of South America's land area, it borders all other countries and territories on the continent except Ecuador and Chile.^[14] Brazil encompasses a wide range of tropical and subtropical landscapes, as well as wetlands, savannas, plateaus, and low mountains. It contains most of the Amazon basin, including the world's largest river system and most extensive virgin tropical forest. Brazil has diverse wildlife, a variety of ecological systems, and extensive natural



The Reality of Legal Norms

Art. 1º A República Federativa do Brasil, formada pela união indissolúvel dos Estados e Municípios e do Distrito Federal, constitui-se em Estado democrático de direito e tem como fundamentos:

- I a soberania:
- II a cidadania;
- III a dignidade da pessoa humana;
- IV os valores sociais do trabalho e da livre iniciativa; Normas correlatas
- V o pluralismo político.

Parágrafo único. Todo o poder emana do povo, que o exerce por meio de representantes eleitos ou diretamente, nos termos desta Constituição

- Art. 2º São Poderes da União, independentes e harmônicos entre si, o Legislativo, o Executivo e o Judiciário.
- Art. 3º Constituem objetivos fundamentais da República Federativa do Brasil:
- I construir uma sociedade livre, justa e solidária;
- II garantir o desenvolvimento nacional;
- III erradicar a pobreza e a marginalização e reduzir as desigualdades sociais e regionais;

Structured, Diachronic (Evolves over Time)

Rich in concepts (rights, sovereignty),

poor in Concrete (Named) Entities

Challenge: Blind to Structure

Continuous Text

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Structured Text

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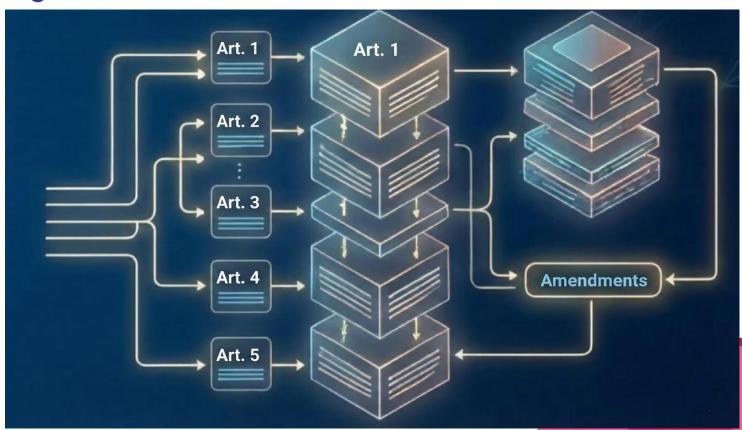
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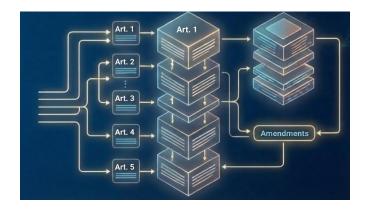
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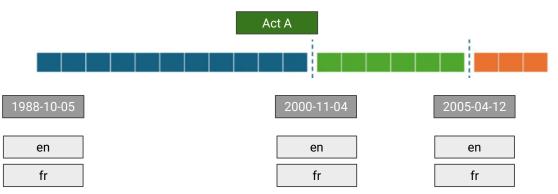
Challenge: Blind to diachronic evolution



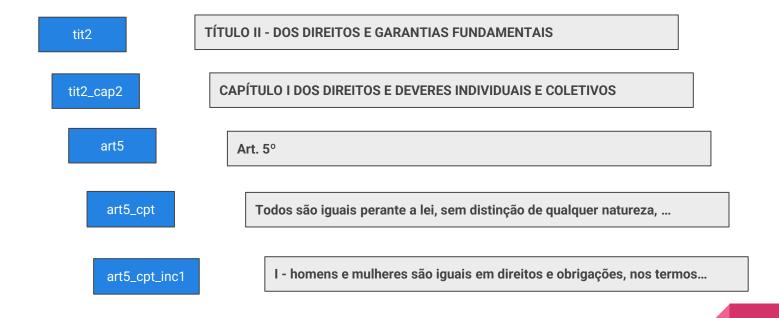
How can we model structural and diachronic evolution of legal norms?

- ▼ TÍTULO II DOS DIREITOS E GARANTIAS FUNDAMENTAIS (art. 5° a art. 17)
- **▼** CAPÍTULO I DOS DIREITOS E DEVERES INDIVIDUAIS E COLETIVOS (art. 5°)
- ✓ Art. 5°
 - Todos são iguais perante a lei, sem distinção de qualquer natureza, garantindo-se ε inviolabilidade do direito à vida, à liberdade, à igualdade, à segurança e à propriedade, § 1° As normas definidoras dos direitos e garantias fundamentais têm aplicação imec § 2° Os direitos e garantias expressos nesta Constituição não excluem outros decorre internacionais em que a República Federativa do Brasil seja parte.

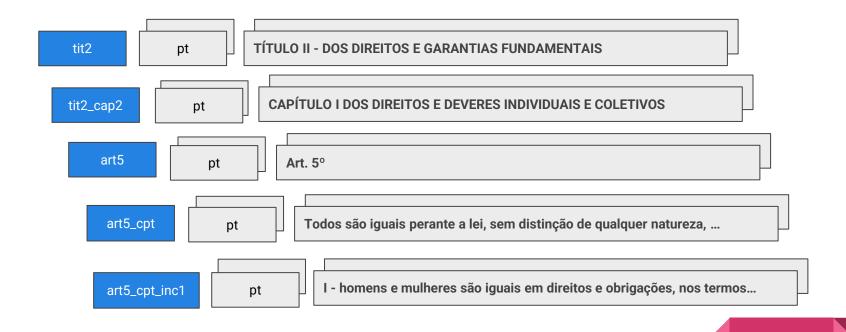




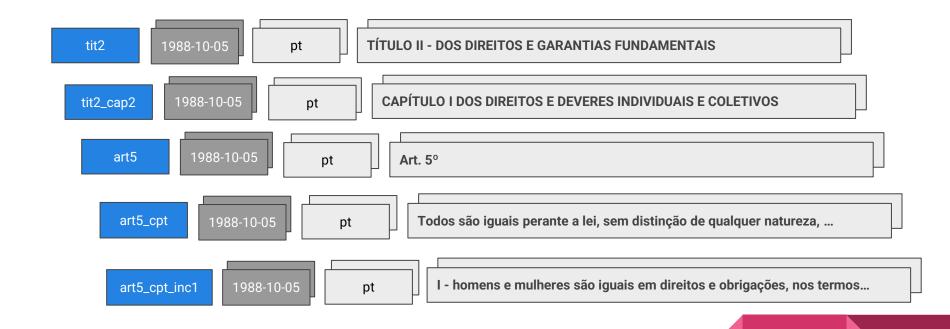
Parsing Raw Text into Structured Representation: The Structural Layer



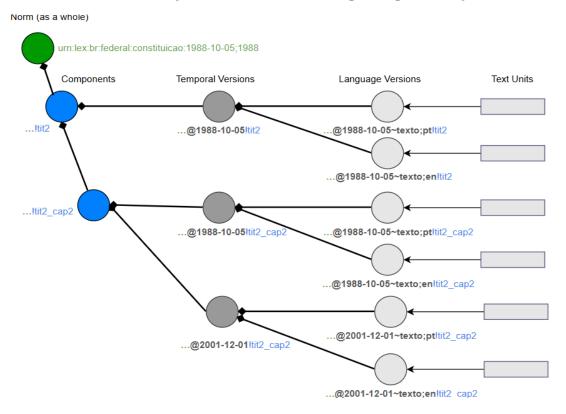
From Monolingual to Multilingual: The Language Layer



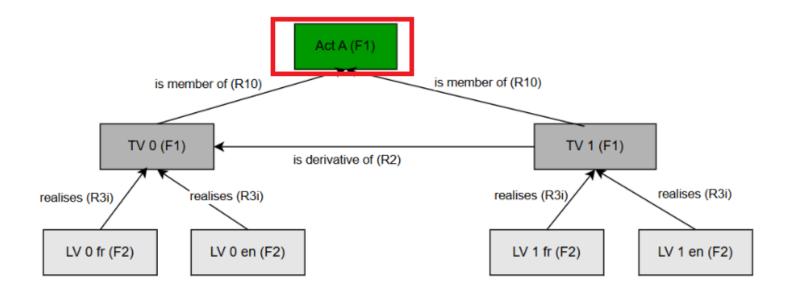
Modeling Diachronic Evolution: Temporal Layer



The Structural, Temporal and Language Representation

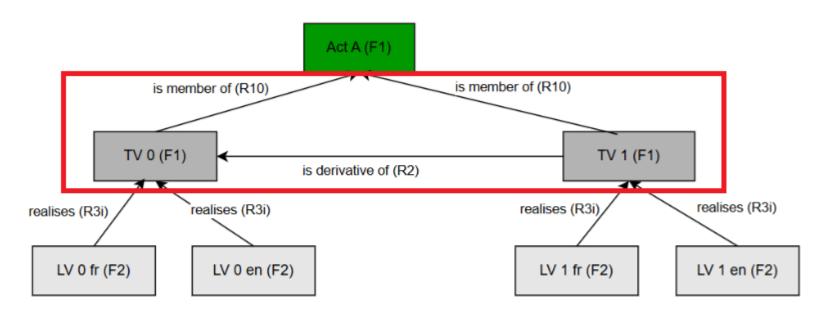


The Foundation: An LRMoo-Based, Event-Centric, Component-Level Approach



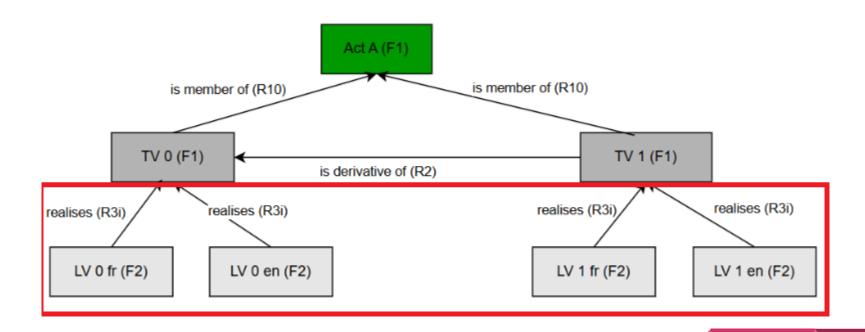
urn:lex:br:federal:constituicao:1988-10-05;1988

Temporal Version: distinct normative identity at a specific point in time



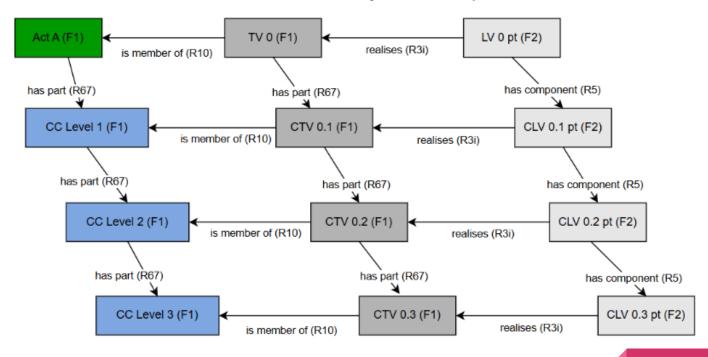
- urn:lex:br:federal:constituicao:1988-10-05;1988@1988-10-05
- urn:lex:br:federal:constituicao:1988-10-05;1988@1992-03-31

Language Version: concrete monlingual textual realization of a TV



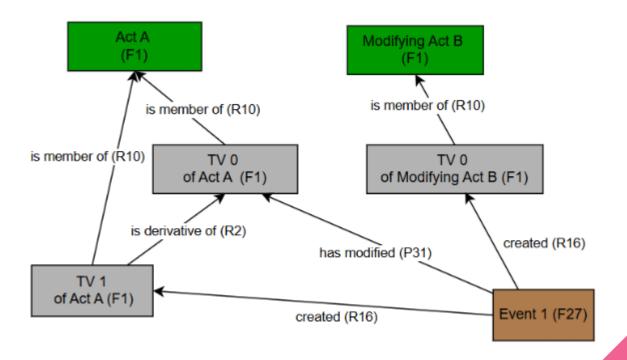
- urn:lex:br:federal:constituicao:1988-10-05;1988@1988-10-05~texto;fr
- urn:lex:br:federal:constituicao:1988-10-05;1988@1988-10-05~texto;en

Temporal Evolution and Event Granularity of Components

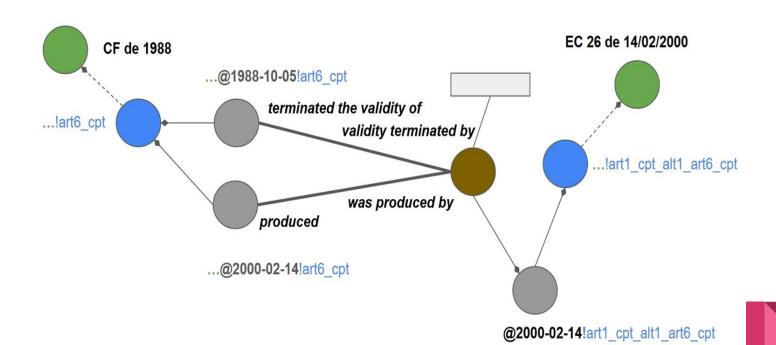


- urn:lex:br:federal:constituicao:1988-10-05;1988!art5
- urn:lex:br:federal:constituicao:1988-10-05;1988@1988-10-05!art5
- urn:lex:br:federal:constituicao:1988-10-05;1988@1988-10-05~texto;pt!art5

Modification Event



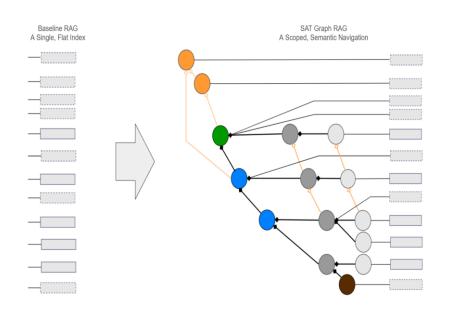
Micro-event



Conclusion

- We introduced an Ontology specifically designed for the complexities of legal norms.
- A Multi-Tier Model: a clear distinction between a normative Concept, Temporal Version
 (TV) and its Language Versions (LV).
- A recursive application to internal components using parallel hierarchies for Component
 Concepts and Component Temporal Versions.
- Modeling of the micro-events enables to answer precisely how, when, and why
- A formal structure that provides an unambiguous, verifiable ground truth, in direct contrast to probabilistic generative AI.
- A foundational prerequisite for effective computational law, providing the deterministic and auditable factual layer required for trustworthy legal Al systems.

From a Scalable Model to Deterministic Agents



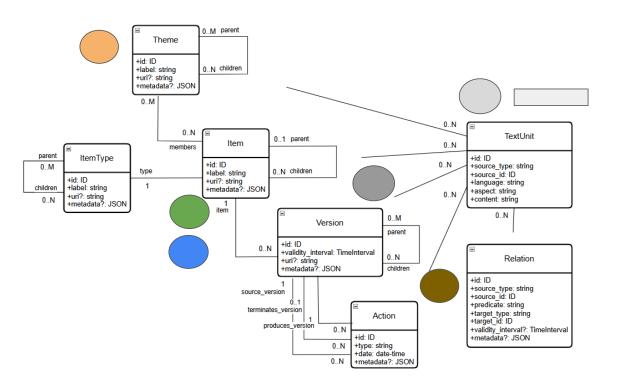
Future (Currently) Work

An Ontology-Driven Graph RAG for Legal Norms: A Structural, Temporal, and Deterministic Approach (https://arxiv.org/abs/2505.00039

(The Federal Senate of Brazil has already modeled over 3,000 federal norms with full Structure, Temporality, and Causality – they can be visualized at https://normas.leg.br/)

(On average, 600 new norms are modeled each year: 300 from the current year and 300 from a legacy year)

From a Scalable Model to Deterministic Agents



Future (Currently) Work

Deterministic Legal Agents: A

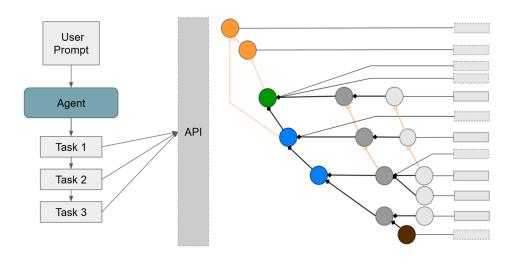
Canonical Primitive API for Auditable

Reasoning over Temporal Knowledge

Graphs

(https://arxiv.org/abs/2510.06002)

From a Scalable Model to Deterministic Agents



Future (Currently) Work

Deterministic Legal Agents: A Canonical Primitive API for Auditable Reasoning over Temporal Knowledge Graphs (https://arxiv.org/abs/2510.06002)

The Goal: A secure, auditable toolkit for building trustworthy legal agents.

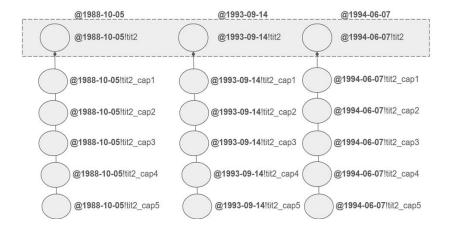
Thank You!

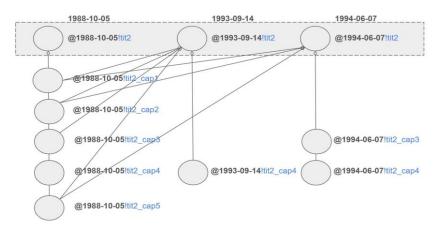
- Hudson de Martim
- Federal Senate of Brazil
- Email: hudsonm@senado.leg.br
- Questions?

Graph Optimization Techniques

Problem: When one article changes, how do we update its parent chapter without creating massive data redundancy?

Solution: A new parent version **reuses** the existing, unchanged child versions.

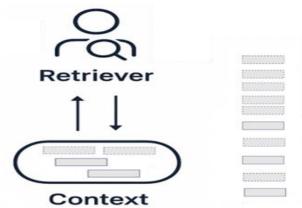




The Payoff: Reconstructing History: Provenance & Causal-Lineage

Prompt: "Trace the legislative lineage that introduced the term 'housing' in Article 6 of Brazilian Constitution"

Standard RAG (Probabilistic Guesswork)

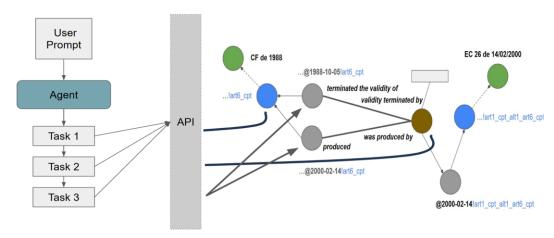


Process: Semantic search for "housing" near "Article 6...", retrieving a list of text chunks.

Result: • "...Amendment No. 26/2000 ...changed the Art 6...

• "...social rights are ...work, housing, leisure..."

Our Approach (Deterministic Plan)



The Agent's Plan: 1. Resolve: Find the canonical ID for "Article 6, caput of Brazilian Constitution".

2. Retrieve History: Get the full causal chain of Action nodes for that ID. **3. Pinpoint Event:** Inspect the history to find the specific Action that introduced the term "housing" and compare the versions.

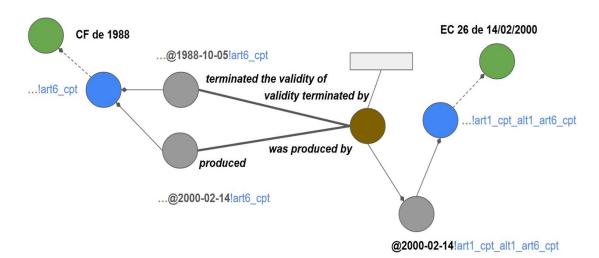
Result: (A clean, structured "Provenance Report")

- Causal Event: Action from original Art 1, caput of EC No. 26/2000
- Before: "...work,, leisure..."
- · After: "...work, housing, leisure..."



The Causal Graph: An Event-Centric Approach

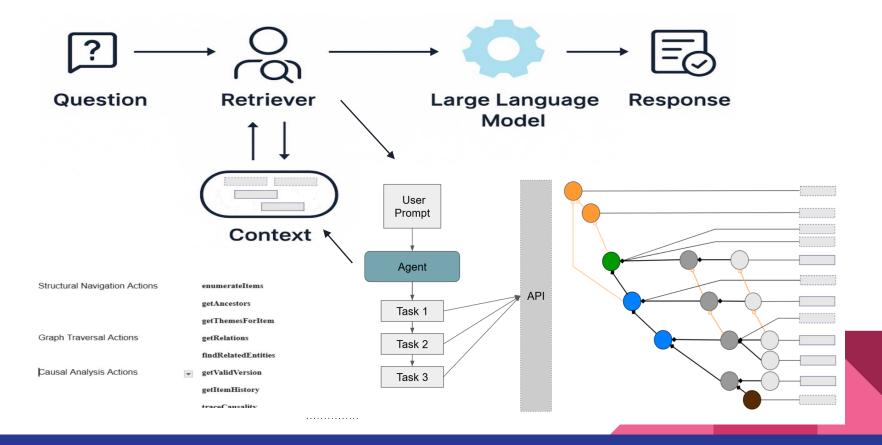
Problem: How do we know *why* a text changed? Which specific amendment caused it? **Solution:** We model the legislative event itself as a queryable **Action** Node.



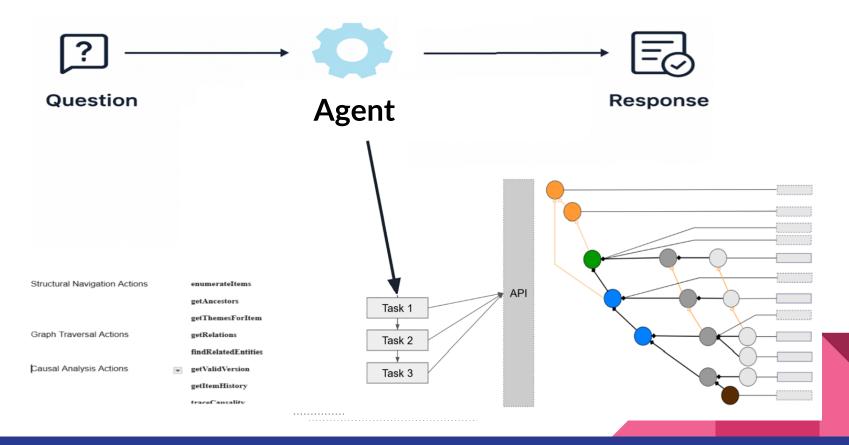
Constitutional Amendment No. 26, of February 14, 2000, through the caput of its Article 1, provided a new wording for the caput of Article 6 of the Federal Constitution of Brazil of 1988. This alteration terminated, on February 14, 2000, the validity of the original wording of this provision (in force since October 5, 1988) and established a new version, effective as of February 15, 2000, whose text became: "The social rights are education, health, work, housing, leisure, security, social security, the protection of maternity and childhood, and assistance to the destitute, as provided by this Constitution.

Makes Causality Explicit and Searchable

SAT-Graph RAG (Explainable, Auditable Context Retrieval)



SAT-Graph RAG (Agentic Reasoning)



The Payoff, Part 1: Deterministic Point-in-Time Retrieval

Standard RAG (Probabilistic Search)	Our Approach (Deterministic Plan)
Query: "What were the social rights in Article 6 of Brazilian Constitution on May 20th, 1999?" Retriever Context	Query: "What were the social rights in Article 6 of Brazilian Constitution on May 20th, 1999?" User Prompt Agent Task 1 Task 2 Task 3
Process: Semantic search over <i>all</i> text chunks, retrieving the most similar, which is the current	The Agent's Plan: 1. Resolve: Find the canonical ID for "Article 6, caput of Brazilian Constitution" 2. Scope Time: Get the <i>single version</i> valid on "1999-05-
text.	20". 3. Fetch: Retrieve the exact text for that version ID.
Result: "housing, leisure, security"	Result: "leisure, security, social protection" (No 'housing')
X Anachronistic & Factually Incorrect	✓ Auditable & Factually Correct

The Payoff, Part 2: Reconstructing History: Provenance & Causal-Lineage

Standard RAG (Probabilistic Guesswork)	Our Approach (Deterministic Investigation)
Prompt: "Trace the legislative lineage that introduced the term 'food' in Article 6 of Brazilian Constitution"	Prompt: "Trace the legislative lineage that introduced the term 'food' in Article 6 of Brazilian Constitution"
Process: Keyword semantic search for "food" near "Article 6 of Brazilian Constitution", retrieving a jumbled list of text chunks.	The Agent's Plan: 1. Resolve: Find the canonical ID for "Article 6, caput of Brazilian Constitution".2. Retrieve History: Get the <i>full causal chain</i> of Action nodes for that ID. 3. Pinpoint Event: Inspect the history to find the specific Action that introduced the term "food".
Result: (A box with text snippets) • "the right to food, housing" • "Amendment No. 64changes the" • "social rights arefood"	Result: (A clean, structured "Provenance Report" box) • Causal Event: Action from CA 64/2010 • Before (v_old): "work, leisure, security" • After (v_new): "work, food, leisure, security"
X Probabilistic & Relies on Inference	✓ Auditable Proof of Causality